



## Properties of the mixed phase core in maximum mass neutron stars

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arXiv 2312.16843

# Outline

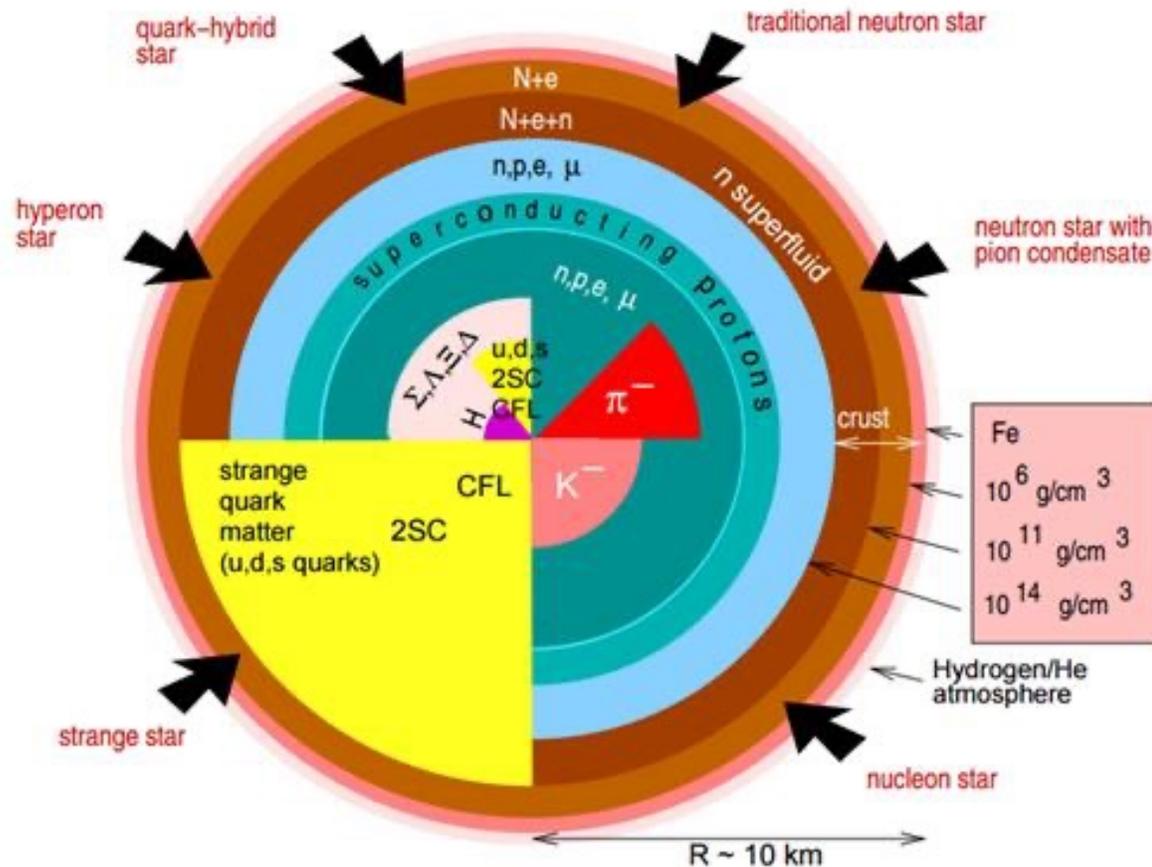
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- *Introduction*
  - *Theoretical framework*
  - *Numerical results*
  - *Summary*
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# Introduction

## Pulsar structures



Weber 2005

## Observations and Constraints:

PSR J0740+6620

$M = 2.08 \pm 0.07 M_{\odot}$ ; Fonseca 2021

$M = 2.14^{+0.10}_{-0.09} M_{\odot}$ ; Cromartie 2019

PSR J0348+0432

$M = 2.01 \pm 0.04 M_{\odot}$ ; Antoniadis 2013

PSR J1614-2230

$M = 1.908 \pm 0.016 M_{\odot}$ ; Arzoumanian 2018

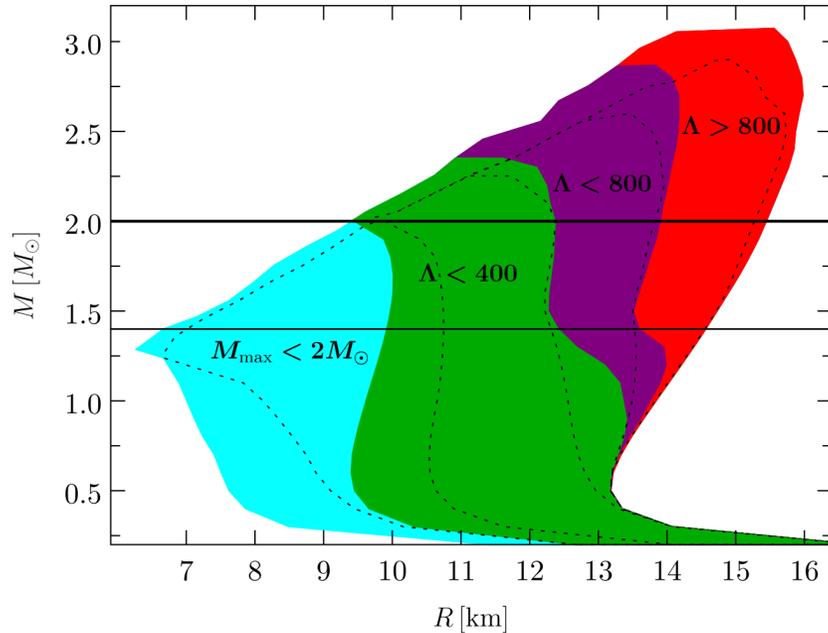
PSR J2215+5135

$M = 2.27^{+0.17}_{-0.15} M_{\odot}$ ; Linares 2018

PSR J0952+0607

$M = 2.35 \pm 0.17 M_{\odot}$ ; Romani 2022

# Introduction



*Annala 2018*

$$\Lambda_{1.4} \leq 800 \sim R_{1.4} \leq 13.6 \text{ km}$$

GW170817

$$70 \leq \Lambda_{1.4} \leq 580$$

*Abbott 2017, 2018*

## □ Mass-radius measurements by NICER:

### PSR J0740+6620

$$R = 12.39_{-1.5}^{+1.3} \text{ km}, M = 2.072_{-0.066}^{+0.067} M_{\odot}$$

$$R = 13.70_{-1.5}^{+2.7} \text{ km}, M = 2.08 M_{\odot}$$

M. C. Miller et al., *Astrophys. J. Lett.*, 887, L24 (2019).

T. E. Riley et al., *Astrophys. J. Lett.*, 887, L21 (2019).

### PSR J0030+0451

$$R = 12.71_{-1.19}^{+1.14} \text{ km}, M = 1.34_{-0.16}^{+0.15} M_{\odot}$$

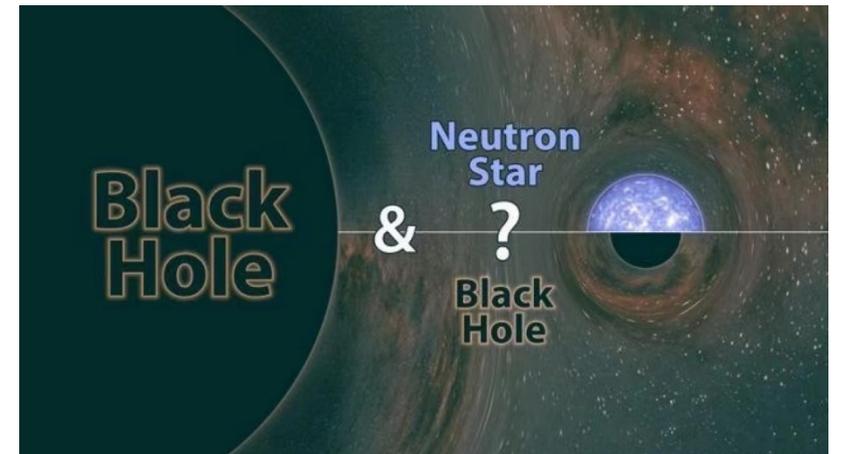
$$R = 13.02_{-1.06}^{+1.24} \text{ km}, M = 1.44_{-0.14}^{+0.15} M_{\odot}$$

M. C. Miller et al., *Astrophys. J. Lett.*, 918, L28 (2021).

T. E. Riley et al., *Astrophys. J. Lett.*, 918, L27 (2021).

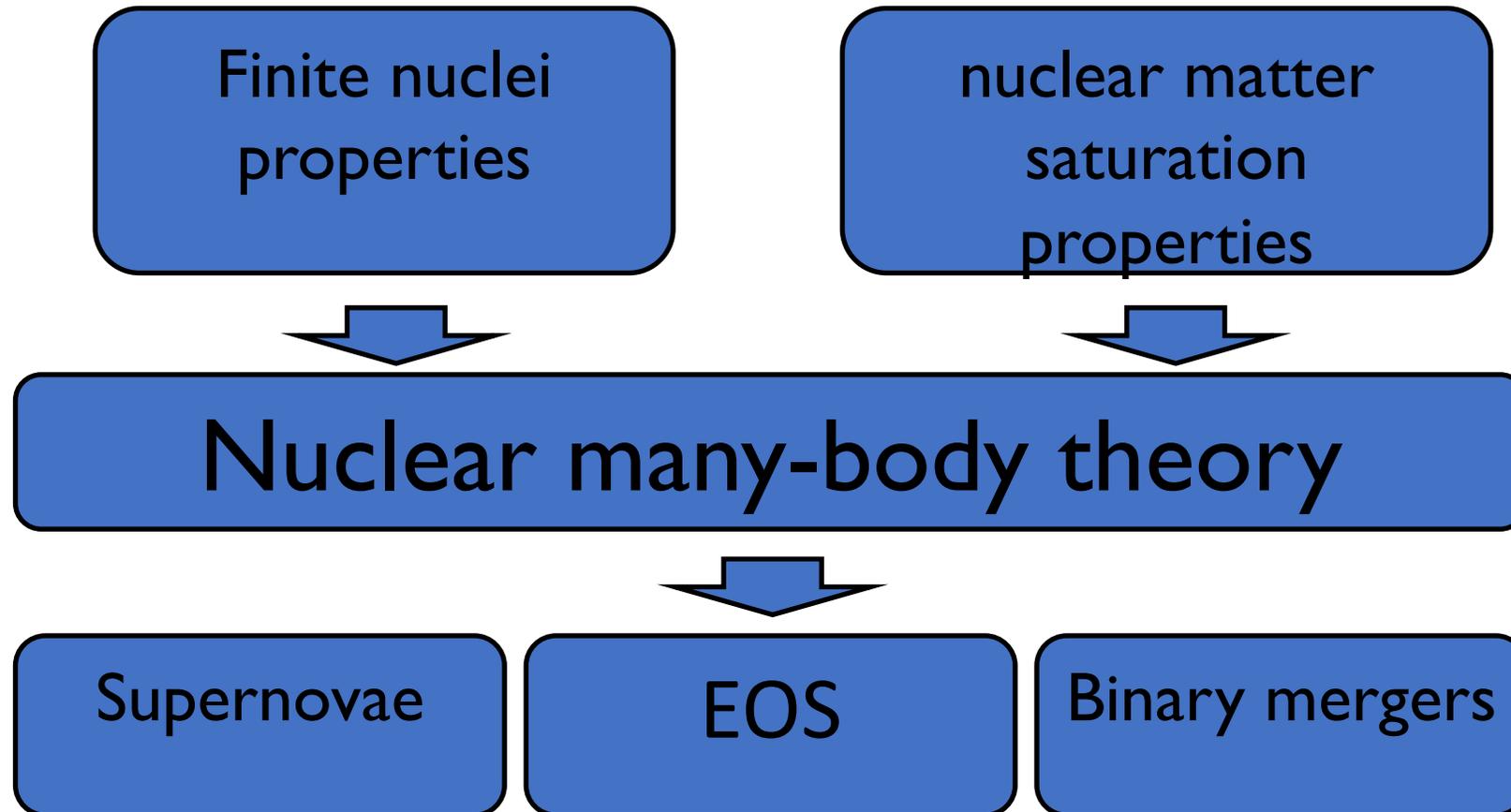
GW190814

$$M = 2.6 M_{\odot} ?$$



# Introduction

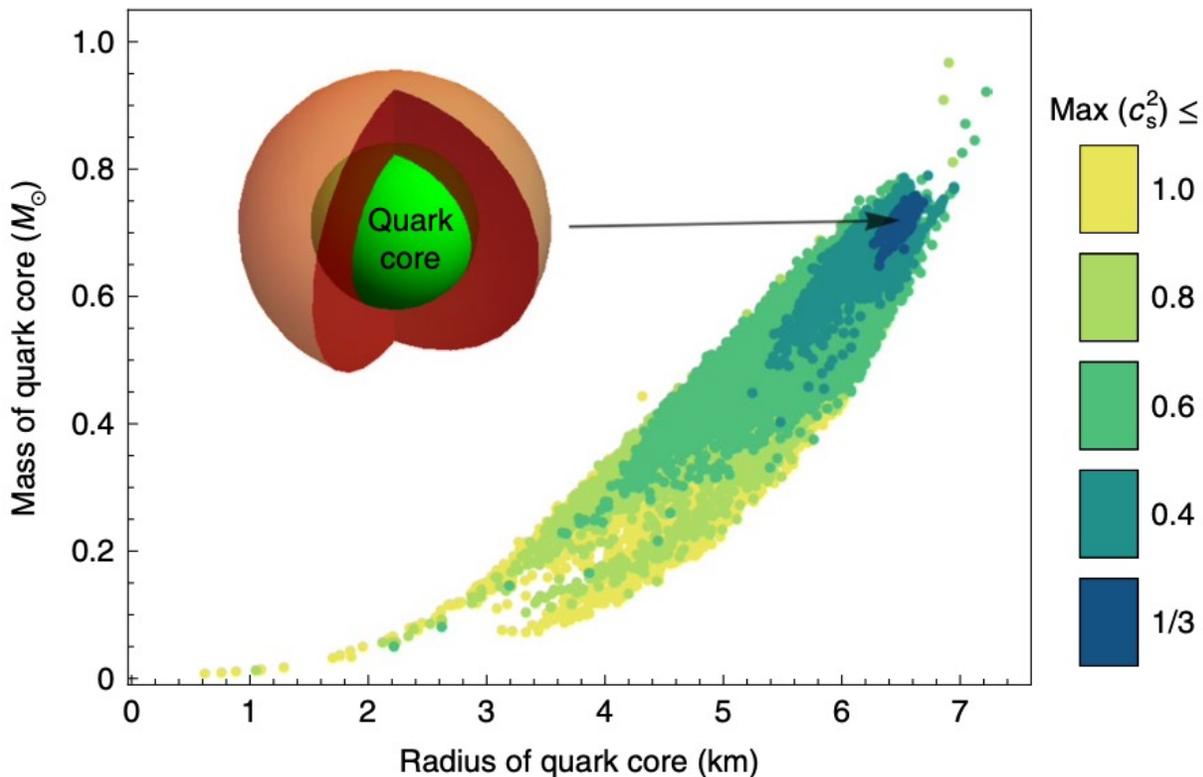
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OPEN

## Evidence for quark-matter cores in massive neutron stars

Eemeli Annala<sup>1</sup>, Tyler Gorda<sup>2</sup>, Aleksi Kurkela<sup>3,4</sup>, Joonas Nättilä<sup>5,6,7</sup> and Aleksi Vuorinen<sup>1</sup>



**New speed-of-sound interpolation.**

$$c_s^2(\mu) = \frac{(\mu_{i+1} - \mu)c_{s,i}^2 + (\mu - \mu_i)c_{s,i+1}^2}{\mu_{i+1} - \mu_i}$$

**CET and pQCD EoSs**

# Theoretical Framework

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_{\text{RMF/RMFL}} = & \sum_{i=p,n} \bar{\psi}_i \{ i\gamma_\mu \partial^\mu - (M + g_\sigma \sigma) \\
 & - \gamma_\mu \left[ g_\omega \omega^\mu + \frac{g_\rho}{2} \tau_a \rho^{a\mu} \right] \} \psi_i \\
 & + \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \sigma \partial^\mu \sigma - \frac{1}{2} m_\sigma^2 \sigma^2 - \frac{1}{3} g_2 \sigma^3 - \frac{1}{4} g_3 \sigma^4 \\
 & - \frac{1}{4} W_{\mu\nu} W^{\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{2} m_\omega^2 \omega_\mu \omega^\mu + \frac{1}{4} c_3 (\omega_\mu \omega^\mu)^2 \\
 & - \frac{1}{4} R_{\mu\nu}^a R^{a\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{2} m_\rho^2 \rho_\mu^a \rho^{a\mu} \\
 & + \Lambda_v (g_\omega^2 \omega_\mu \omega^\mu) (g_\rho^2 \rho_\mu^a \rho^{a\mu}) \\
 & + \sum_{l=e,\mu} \bar{\psi}_l (i\gamma_\mu \partial^\mu - m_l) \psi_l,
 \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_{\text{NJL}} = & \bar{q} (i\gamma_\mu \partial^\mu - m^0) q \\
 & + G_S \sum_{a=0}^8 \left[ (\bar{q} \lambda_a q)^2 + (\bar{q} i\gamma_5 \lambda_a q)^2 \right] \\
 & - K \{ \det [\bar{q} (1 + \gamma_5) q] + \det [\bar{q} (1 - \gamma_5) q] \} \\
 & - G_V \sum_{a=0}^8 \left[ (\bar{q} \gamma^\mu \lambda_a q)^2 + (\bar{q} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 \lambda_a q)^2 \right],
 \end{aligned}$$

## Gibbs Construction (GC)

$$T^H = T^Q$$

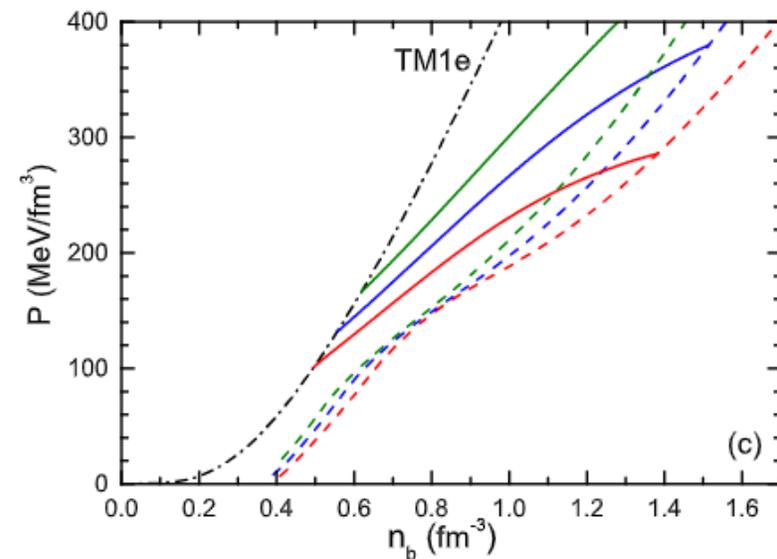
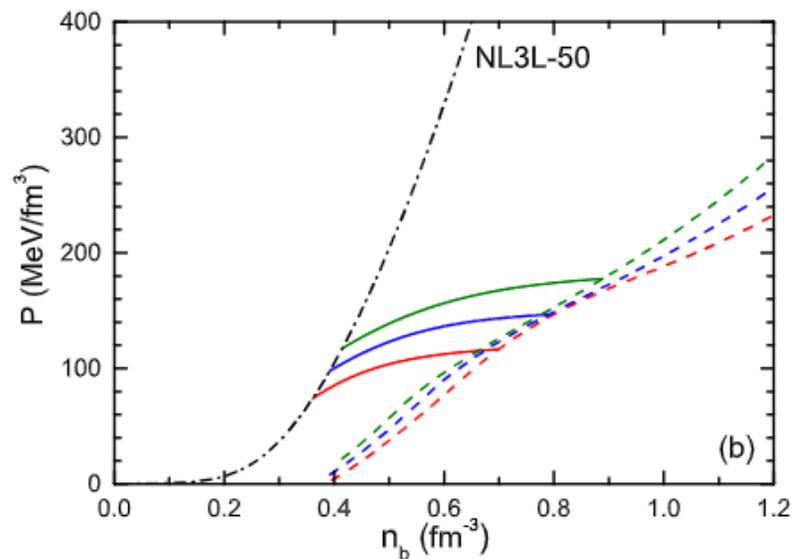
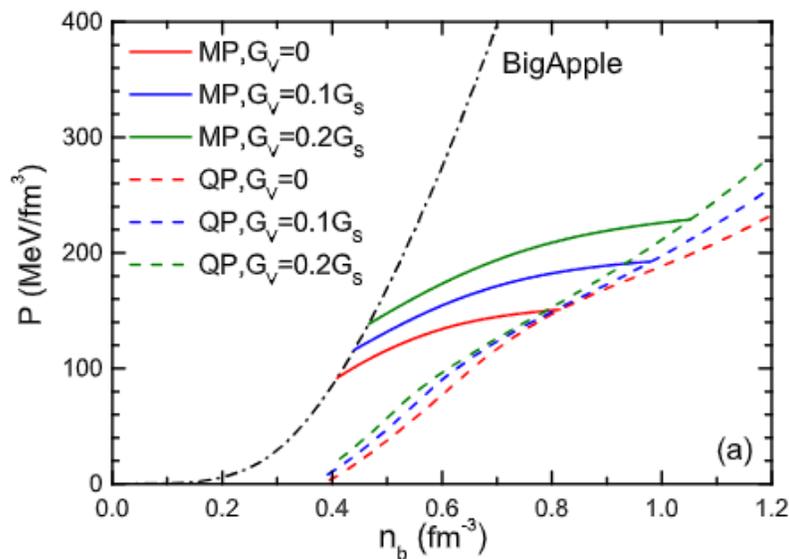
$$\mu_b^H = \mu_b^Q, \quad \mu_e^H = \mu_e^Q$$

$$P^H = P^Q$$

# Results

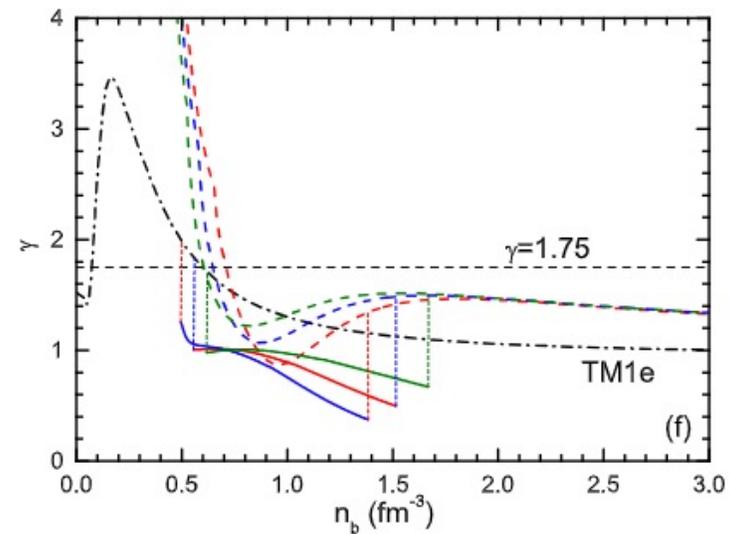
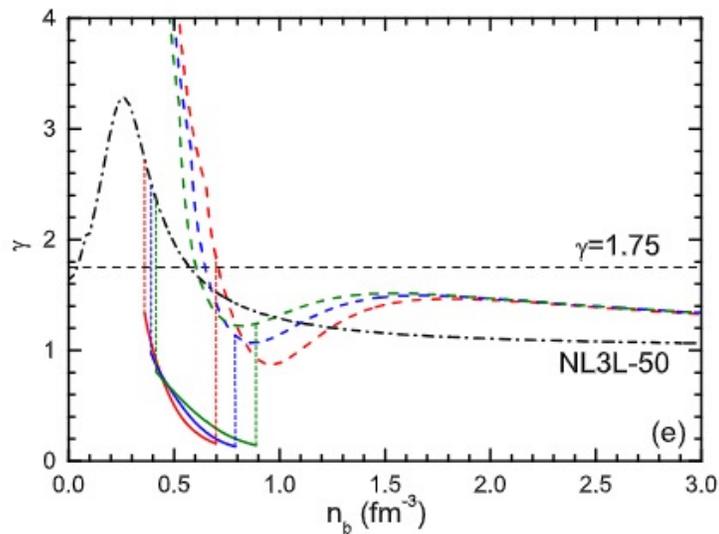
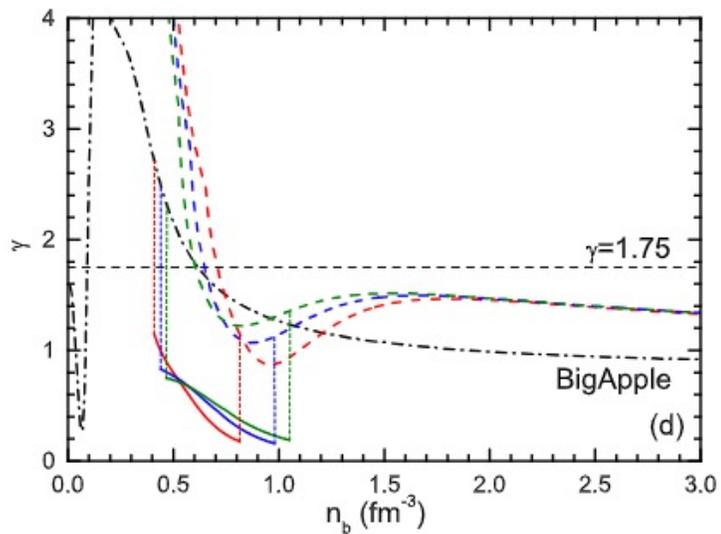
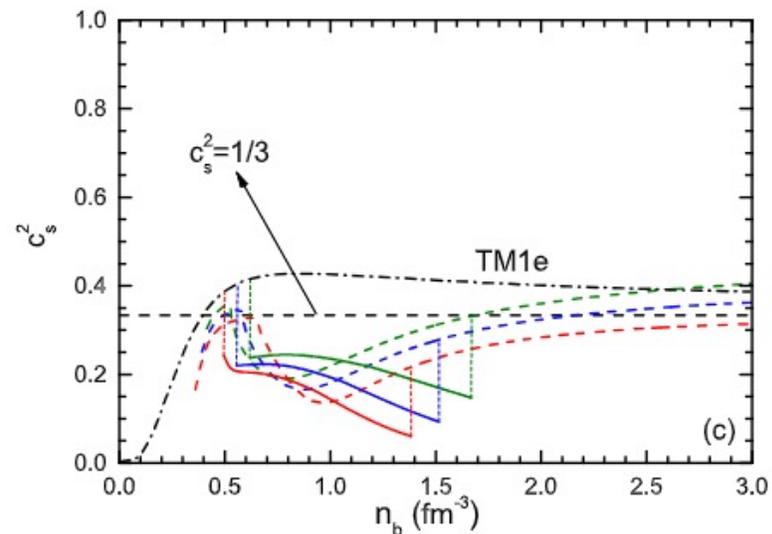
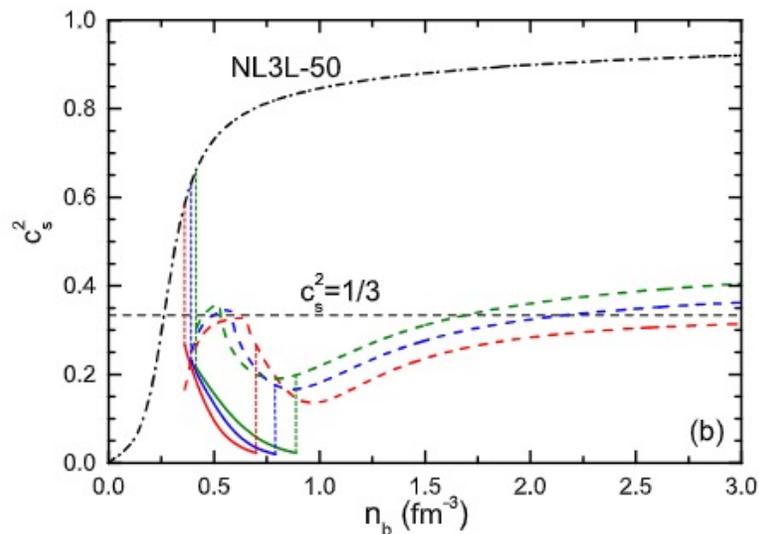
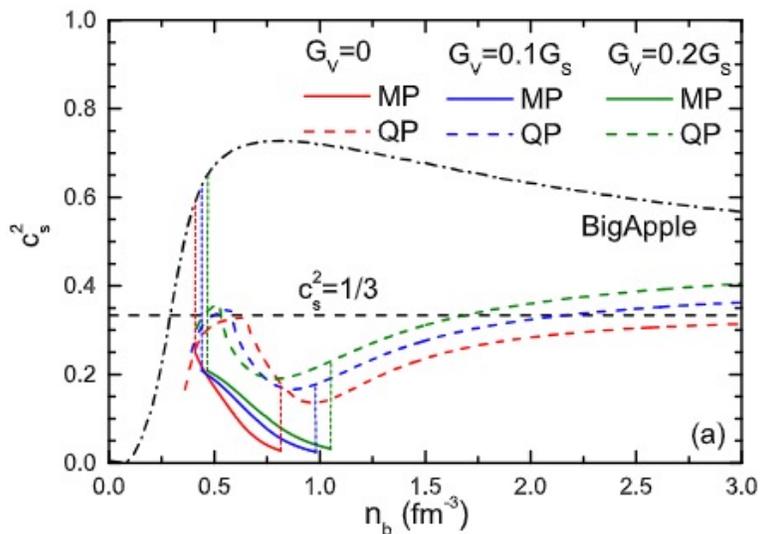
## The EOSs

Model	$n_0$ (fm $^{-3}$ )	$E_0$ (MeV)	$K$ (MeV)	$E_{\text{sym}}$ (MeV)	$L$ (MeV)
BigApple	0.155	-16.34	227.0	31.3	39.8
NL3L-50	0.148	-16.24	272.3	37.4	50
TM1e	0.145	-16.26	281.0	32.4	50
NL3	0.148	-16.24	272.3	37.4	118.5



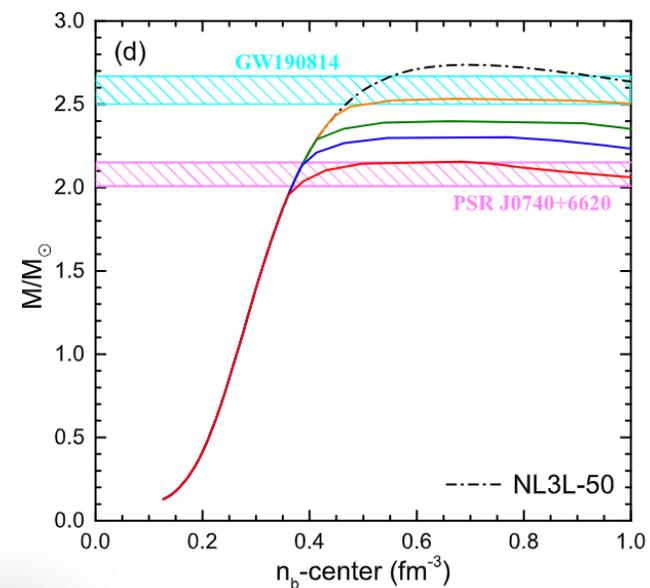
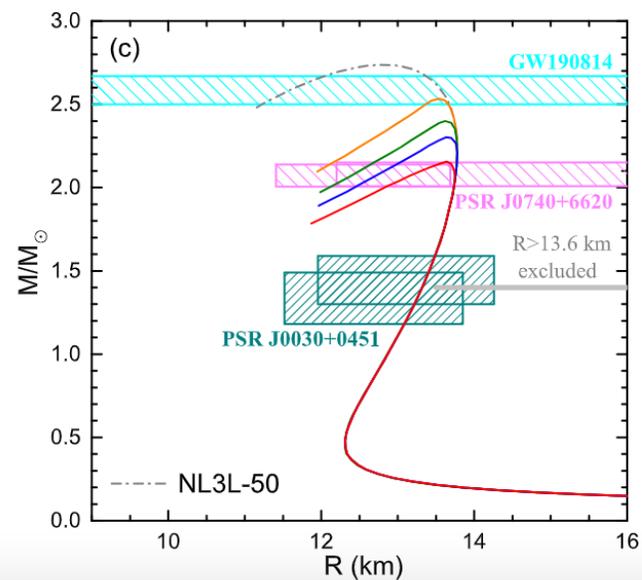
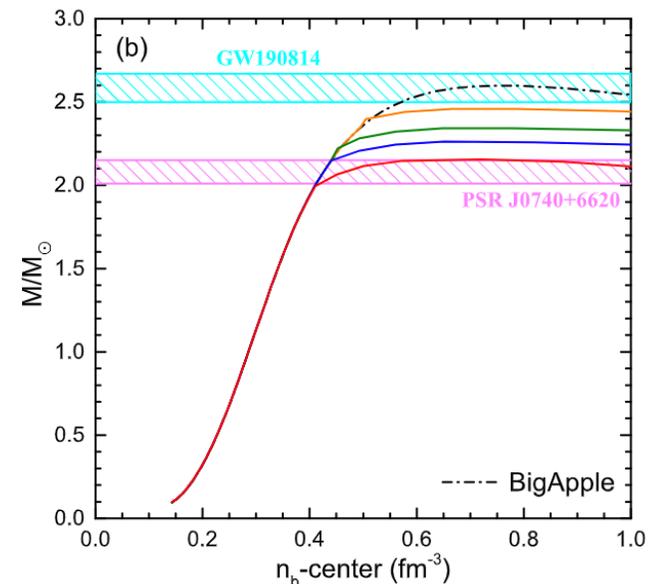
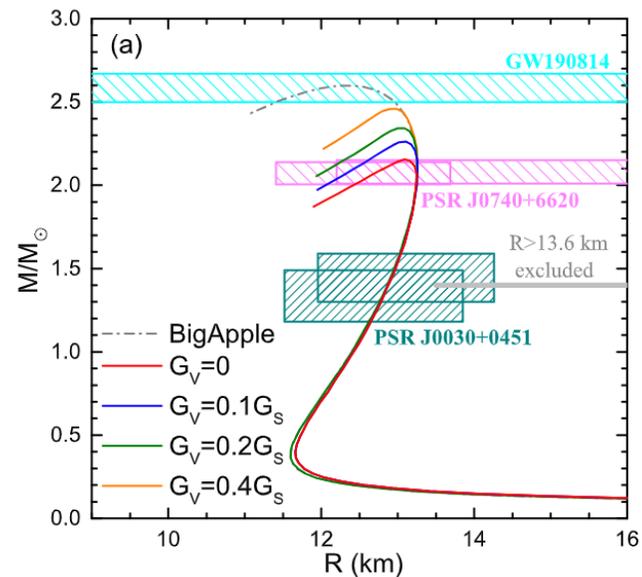
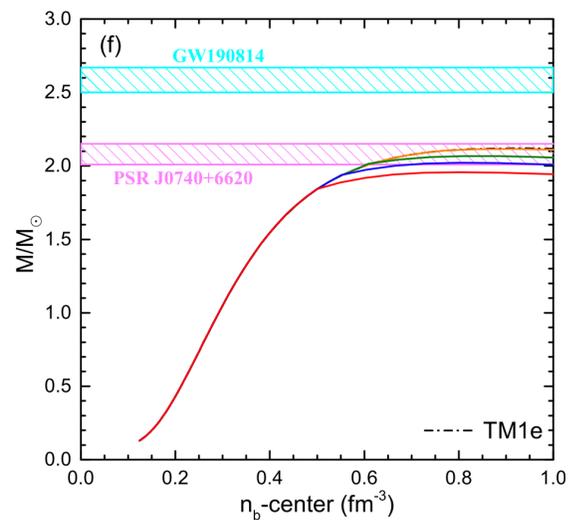
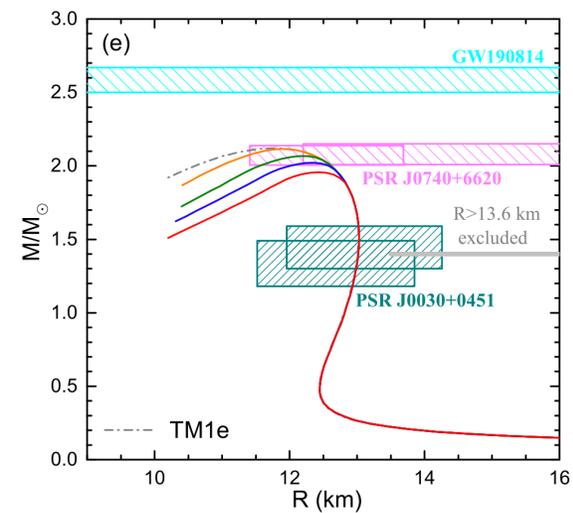
# Results

## The EOS stiffness



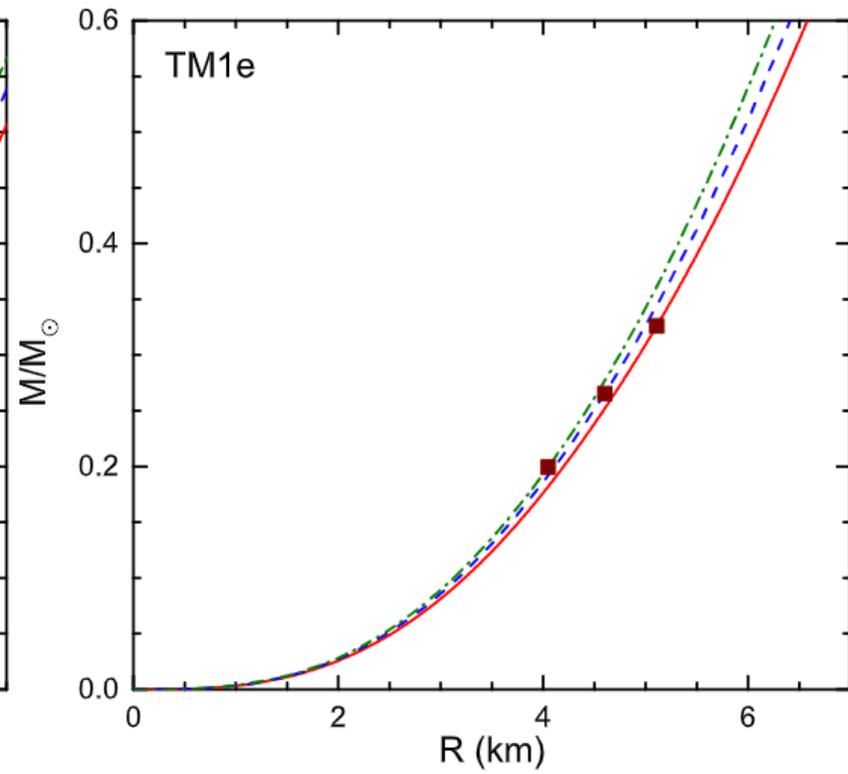
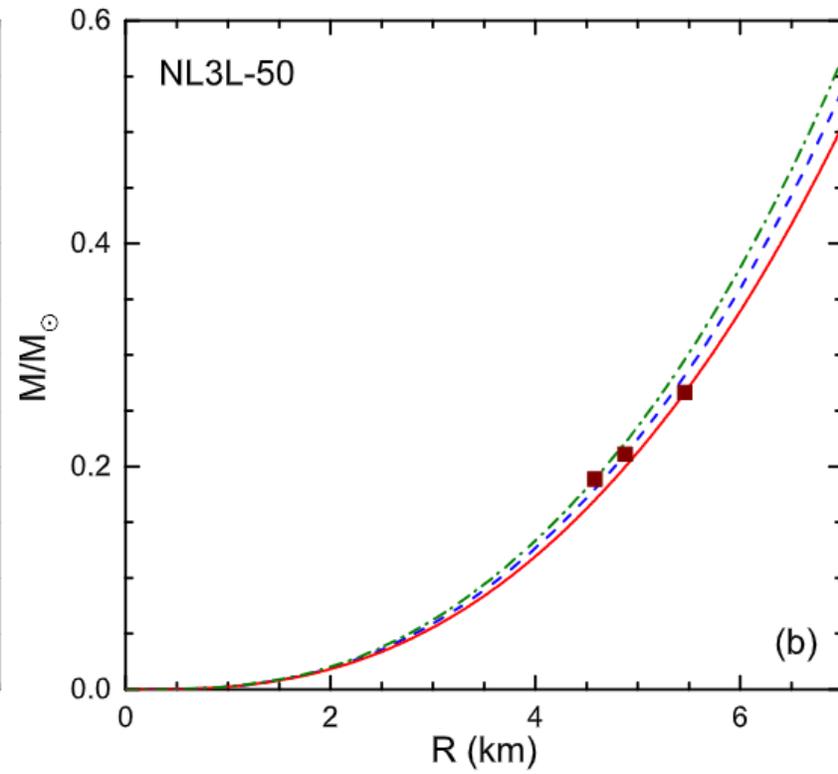
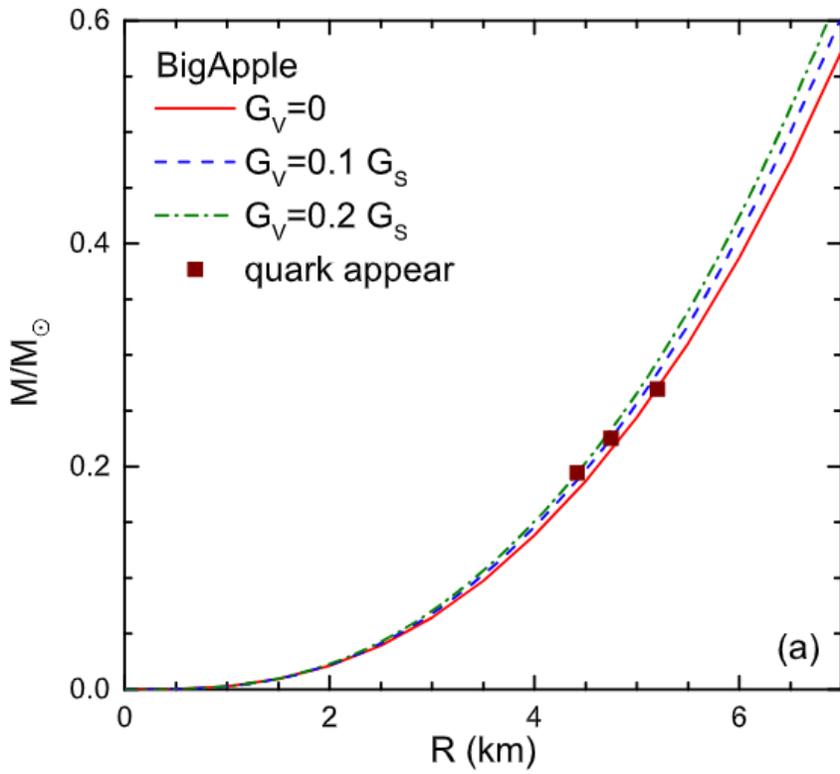
# Results

## The mass-radius relation



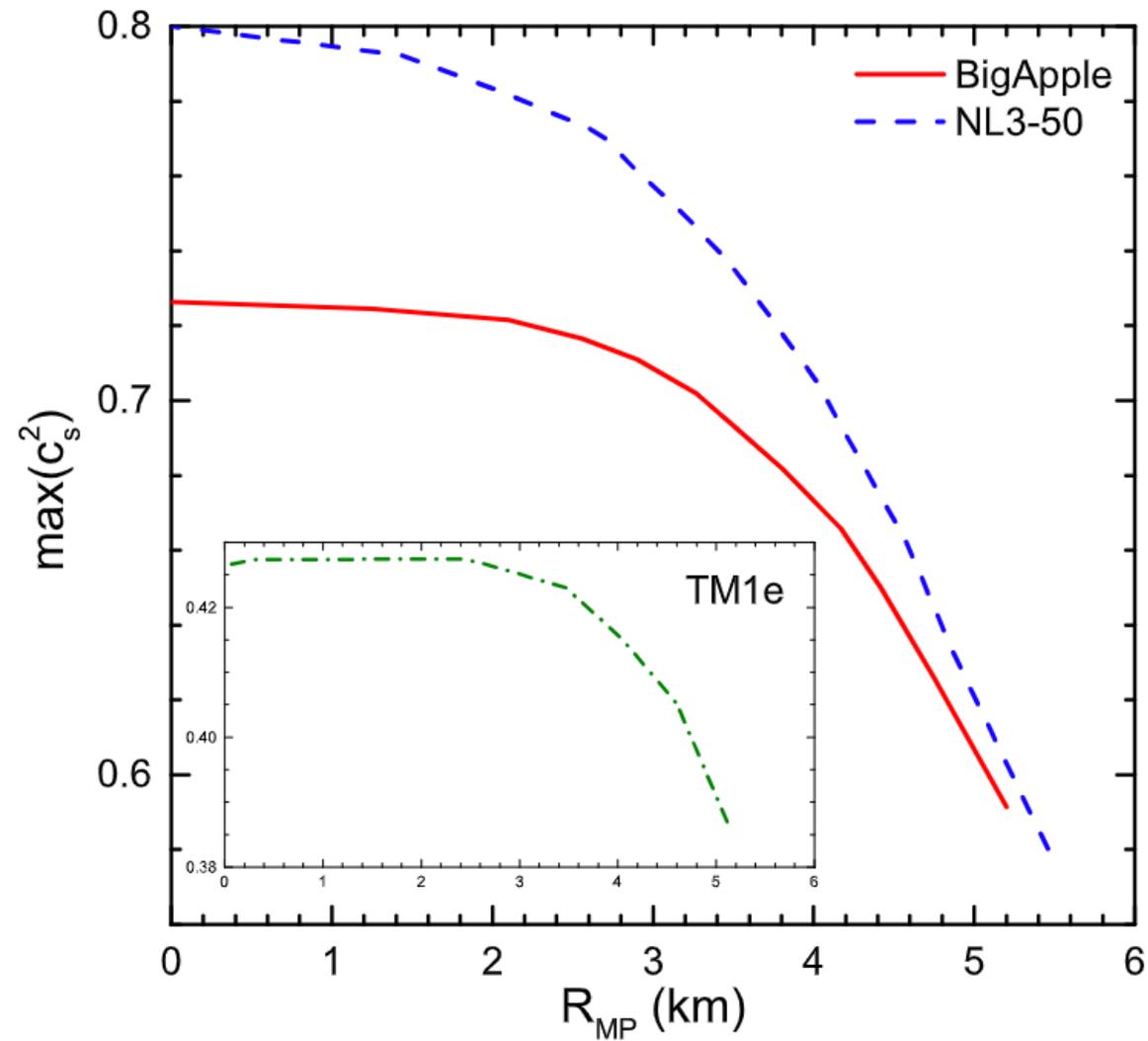
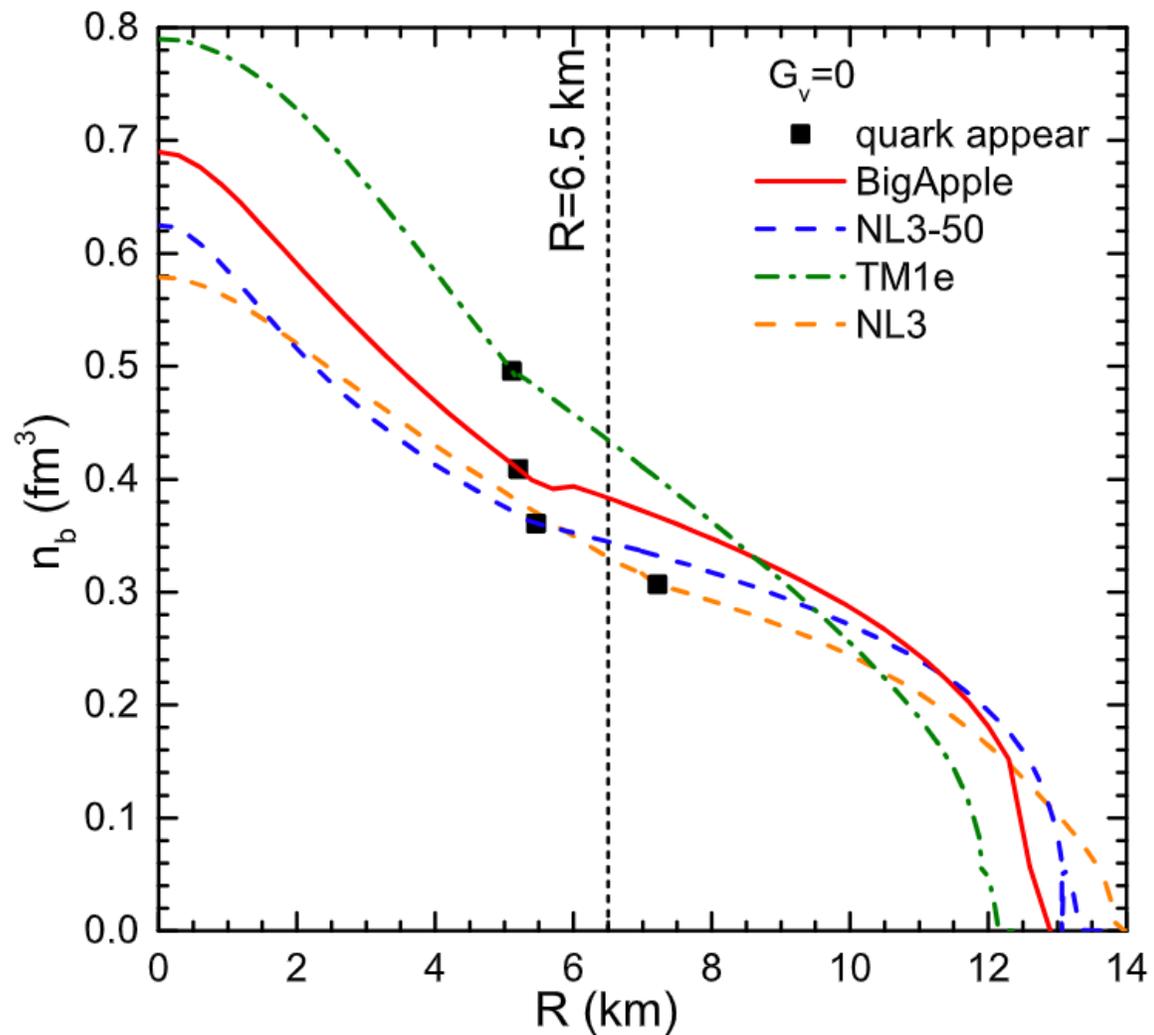
# Results

## Mass-radius



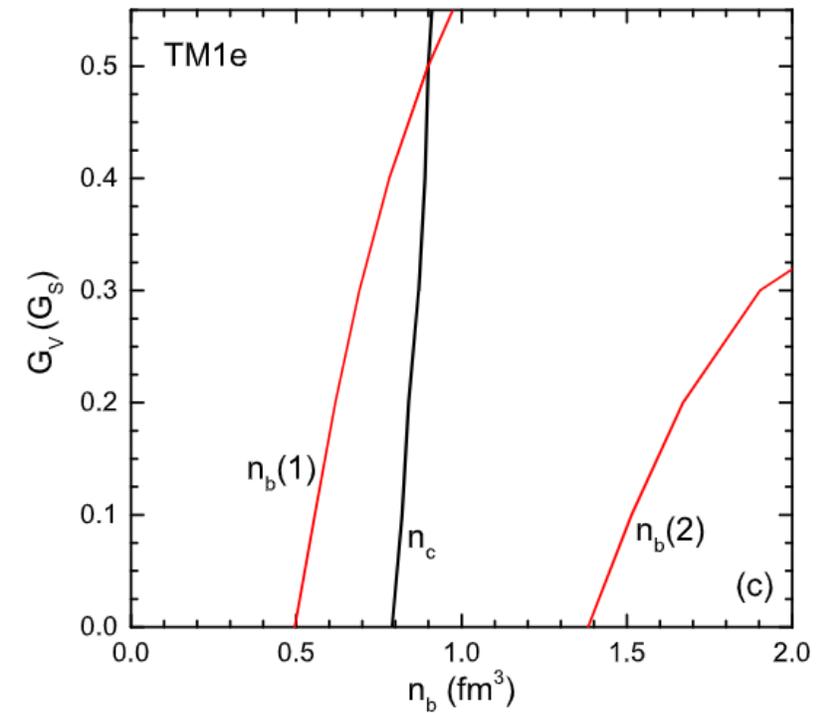
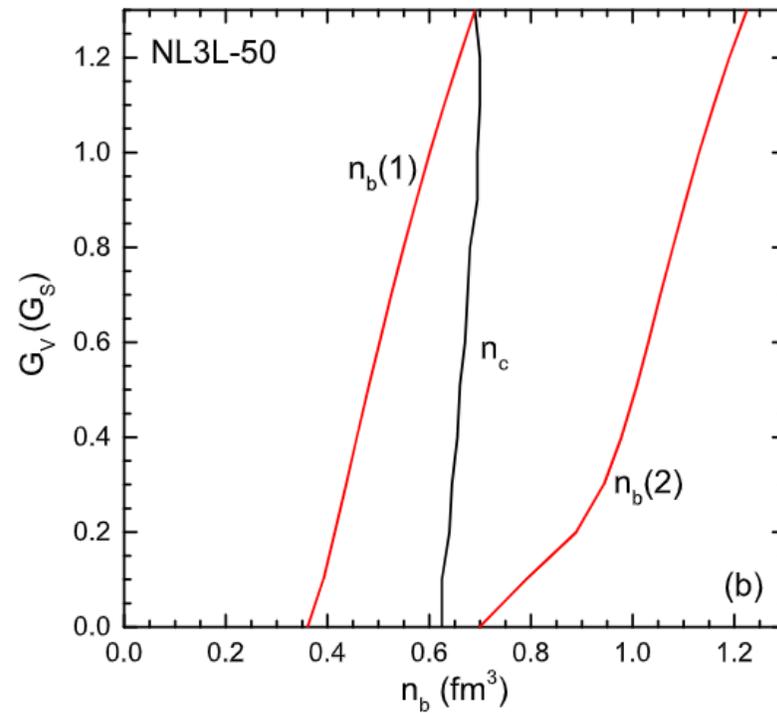
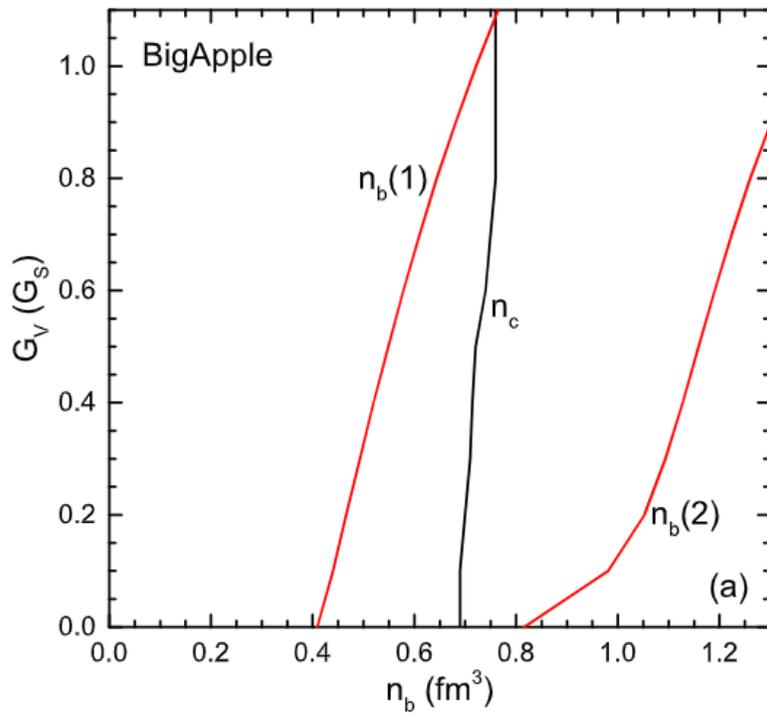
# Results

## Maximum mass NS mixed phase Radius



# Results

## $G_V$ dependence of phase transition density and central density of NS



# Summary

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- The global properties of maximum mass NSs are sensitive to the strength of the maximum sound velocity of the EOS;
- It is possible for a relatively large radius of the mixed phase to exist in the core of maximum mass NSs,
- $G_V$  exhibit a slight correlation with the NS central density.

**Thanks!**

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